

BURGLARY

Burglary, also known as breaking and entering, is “the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.”

“A person is guilty of burglary if he enters or surreptitiously remains in a structure, knowing that he is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein.” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 401

Crime Clock

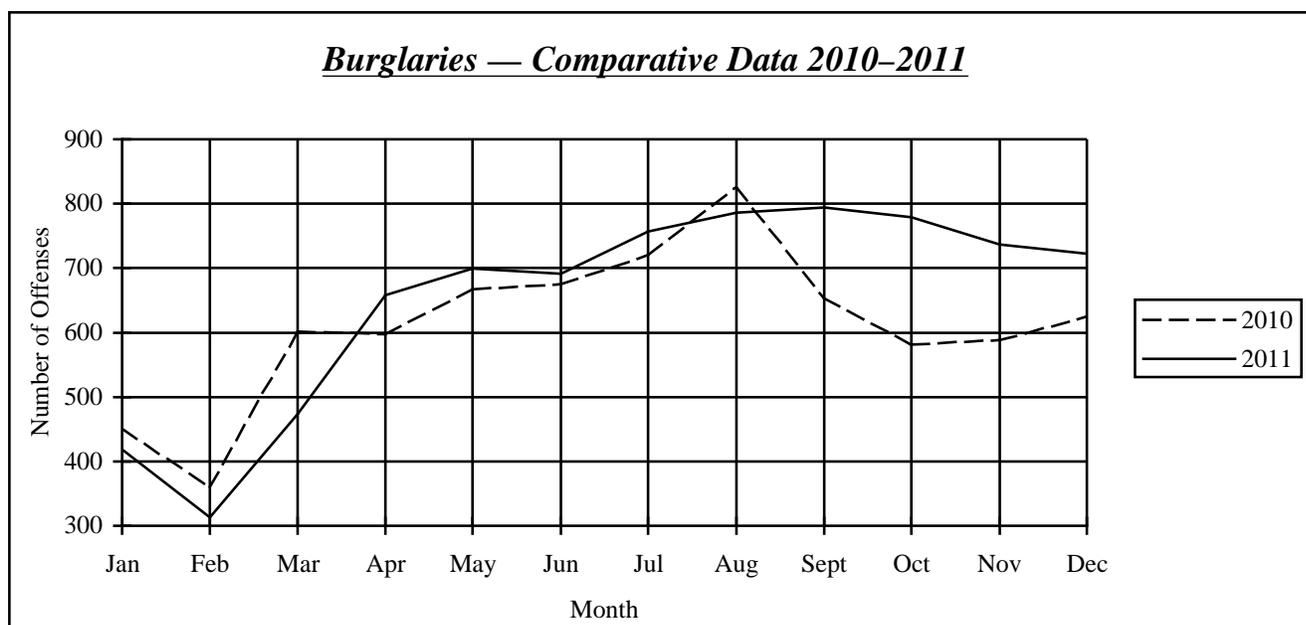


<i>Trend</i>						
Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2007–2011
Number reported	6,677	6,516	6,711	7,343	7,826	
% change from previous year	-1.5%	-2.4%	3.0%	9.4%	6.6%	
						% change 17.2%
Rate per 1,000	5.07	4.95	5.09	5.53	5.89	
% change from previous year	-1.2%	-2.4%	2.8%	8.6%	6.6%	
						% change 16.2%

<i>Characteristics — 2011</i>	
Place of Occurrence	Months of Highest Occurrence
Residence73.3%	September10.1%
Non-Residence.....26.7%	August10.0%
Type of Entry	October10.0%
Forcible Entry.....49.0%	Value of Property Stolen during Offense
Unlawful Entry — No Force.....46.0%	Total.....\$10,058,536.00
Attempted Forcible Entry.....5.0%	Per Incident Average.....\$1,285.27
Time of Day	Clearance Rate
Night — 6 p.m.–6 a.m.....23.3%	1,607 Offenses Cleared.....20.5%
Day — 6 a.m.–6 p.m.....50.7%	Arrests/Crime Ratio.....0.18
Unknown.....26.0%	

<i>Profile of Persons Arrested 1,404 Arrests</i>	
Age	
17 and under.....18.3%	
18–24.....36.4%	
25–29.....17.8%	
30–34.....9.0%	
35–39.....5.6%	
40 and over.....13.0%	
Sex	
Male.....87.3%	
Female.....12.7%	

<i>Type of Entry, 2010–2011</i>			
	2010	2011	% change
Forcible Entry	3,622	3,832	5.8%
Unlawful Entry, no force	3,358	3,603	7.3%
Attempted Forcible Entry	363	391	7.7%
Totals	7,343	7,826	6.6%



Burglary by Time of Day, 2010–2011

	Number of Offenses			Estimated Value of Property Loss		
	2010	2011	% change	2010	2011	% change
Residence						
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	1,186	1,227	3.5%	\$1,073,357	\$1,141,362	6.3%
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	2,686	3,010	12.1%	\$3,164,729	\$3,956,441	25.0%
Unknown	1,379	1,500	8.8%	\$1,597,747	\$2,353,839	47.3%
Subtotals	5,251	5,737	9.3%	\$5,835,833	\$7,451,642	27.7%
Non-Residence						
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	600	599	-0.2%	\$763,699	\$711,473	-6.8%
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	863	956	10.8%	\$1,094,958	\$1,309,718	19.6%
Unknown	629	534	-15.1%	\$676,149	\$585,703	-13.4%
Subtotal	2,092	2,089	-0.1%	\$2,534,806	\$2,606,894	2.8%
Grand Totals	7,343	7,826	6.6%	\$8,370,639	\$10,058,536	20.2%

LARCENY-THEFT

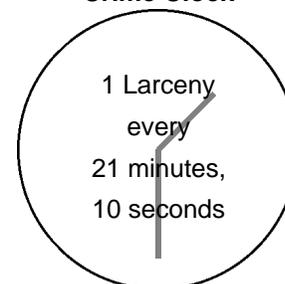
Larceny is the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership.

Maine has consolidated conduct denoted as Theft under Title 17-A, Chapter 15, § 351, Consolidation, embracing numerous separate crimes previously known as larceny, embezzlement, false pretenses, extortion, blackmail, shoplifting, and receiving stolen property. In properly classifying/scoring these offenses under UCR guidelines, certain offenses fall under Larceny-Theft, while others more appropriately fit under Part II offense definitions such as Fraud, Embezzlement, Stolen Property or All Other Offenses.

Theft by unauthorized taking or transfer — “1. A person is guilty of theft if he obtains or exercises unauthorized control over the property of another with intent to deprive him thereof.” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 353

Burglary of a motor vehicle — “A person is guilty of theft if the actor enters a motor vehicle knowing the actor is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein (and that crime is theft).” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 405

Crime Clock

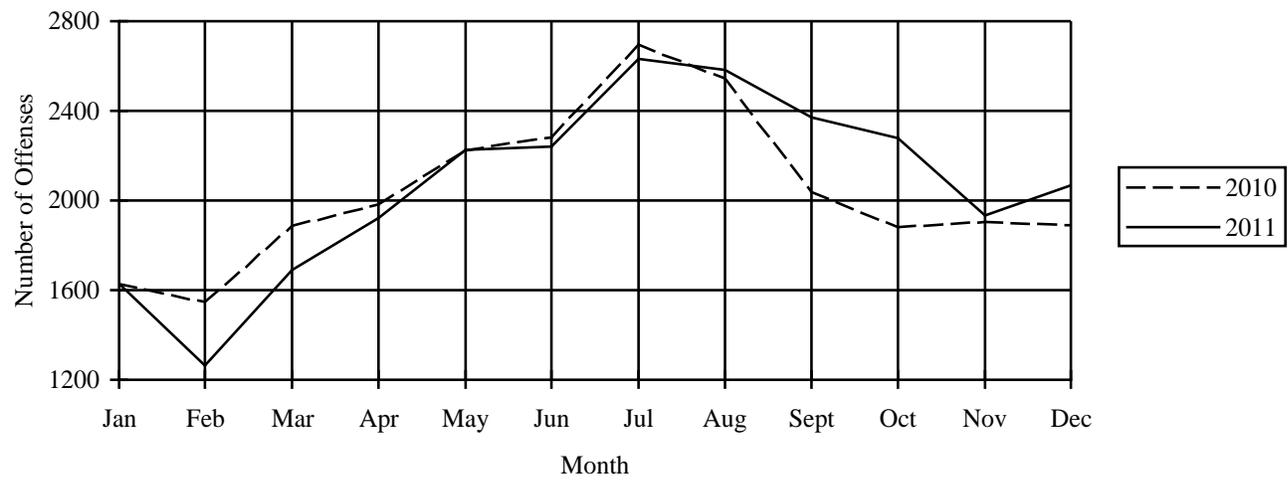


<i>Trend</i>						
Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2007–2011
Number reported	24,060	24,582	23,900	24,490	24,826	
% change from previous year	-4.4%	2.2%	-2.8%	2.5%	1.4%	
						% change 3.2%
Rate per 1,000	18.27	18.67	18.13	18.44	18.69	
% change from previous year	-4.1%	2.2%	-2.9%	1.7%	1.4%	
						% change 2.3%

<i>Characteristics — 2011</i>	
Type of Criminal Activity	
Pocket-Picking	0.1%
Purse-Snatching	0.1%
Shoplifting	14.4%
From Motor Vehicles	18.4%
Motor Vehicle Parts & Accessories	3.3%
Bicycles	3.6%
From Buildings	12.0%
From Coin-Op Machines	0.1%
All Other	48.0%
Value per Incident	
Over \$200	36.7%
\$50 to \$200	24.7%
Under \$50	38.6%
Months of Highest Occurrence	
July	10.6%
August	10.4%
September	9.5%
Value of Property Stolen during Offense	
Total.....	\$12,760,551.00
Per Incident Average.....	\$514.00
Clearance Rate	
7,657 Offenses Cleared.....	30.8%
Arrests/Crime Ratio.....	0.26

<i>Profile of Persons Arrested</i>	
<i>6,391 Arrests</i>	
Age	
17 and under.....	16.5%
18–24.....	32.2%
25–29.....	16.9%
30–34.....	11.4%
35–39.....	6.8%
40 and over.....	16.1%
Sex	
Male.....	59.5%
Female.....	40.5%

<i>Larceny by Classification, 2010–2011</i>						
	Number of Offenses			Value Stolen		
	2010	2011	% change	2010	2011	% change
Pocket-Picking	22	22	—	\$3,911	\$3,504	-10.4%
Purse-Snatching	51	29	-43.1%	\$9,990	\$5,673	-43.2%
Shoplifting	3,238	3,568	10.2%	\$606,951	\$391,965	-35.4%
From Motor Vehicles	4,727	4,569	-3.3%	\$1,437,673	\$1,493,661	3.9%
M/V Parts & Accessories	665	829	24.7%	\$407,854	\$485,835	19.1%
Bicycles	909	884	-2.8%	\$240,391	\$250,620	4.3%
From Buildings	2,902	2,976	2.5%	\$1,919,021	\$2,174,752	13.3%
From Coin-Op Machines	54	30	-44.4%	\$8,375	\$14,770	76.4%
All Other	11,922	11,920	—	\$7,229,036	\$7,939,771	9.8%
Totals	24,490	24,827	1.4%	\$11,863,202	\$12,760,551	7.6%

Larceny-Theft — Comparative Data 2010–2011***MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT***

Uniform Crime Reporting defines Motor Vehicle Theft as the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle, including “joy riding.” Excluded from this class is a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees.

Motor vehicles are defined by UCR as self-propelled vehicles that run on the surface of the land and not on rails, such as automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor scooters, snowmobiles, ATVs, etc. Not included are farm equipment, construction equipment, airplanes, motorboats.

Unauthorized use of property — “1. A person is guilty of theft if: A. Knowing that he does not have the consent of the owner, he takes, operates or exercises control over a vehicle, or knowing that the vehicle has been wrongfully obtained, he rides in such vehicle.” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A § 360

Crime Clock

1 Motor
Vehicle Theft
every 8 hours,
9 minutes

Year	<i>Trend</i>					2007–2011
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
Number reported	1,260	1,173	1,018	985	1,074	
% change from previous year	–6.0%	–6.9%	–13.2%	–3.2%	9.0%	% change –14.8%
Rate per 1,000	0.96	0.89	0.77	0.74	0.81	
% change from previous year	–5.3%	–7.2%	–13.3%	–4.0%	9.0%	% change –15.8%

Type of Vehicle 2010–2011

	Auto- mobiles	Trucks/ Buses	Other Vehicles	Totals
2010	658	102	225	985
2011	721	143	210	1,074
% change	9.6%	40.2%	-6.7%	9.0%

Locally Stolen M/Vs Recovered 2011

	No. Recovered	% Recovered
Recovered Locally	360	33.5%
Recovered — Other Jurisdictions	127	11.8%
Total Recovered	487	45.3%
Not Recovered	587	54.7%

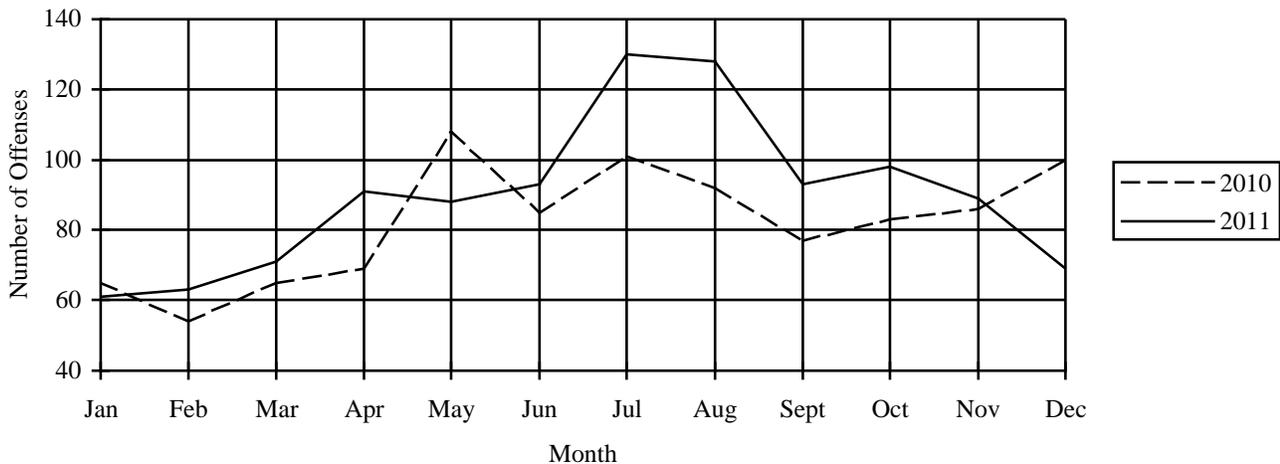
Characteristics — 2011

Type of Vehicle	Value of Property Stolen during Offense
Automobiles.....	67.1%
Trucks/Buses	13.3%
Other Vehicles	19.6%
Months of Highest Occurrence	Number of Locally Stolen M/Vs Recovered487
July	12.1%
August	11.9%
October	9.1%
	Value of Property Recovered
	Total\$3,038,602.00
	Clearance Rate
	401 Offenses Cleared.....37.3%
	Arrests/Crime Ratio.....0.28

**Profile of Persons Arrested
301 Arrests**

Age	
17 and under	26.9%
18–24	34.9%
25–29	17.6%
30–34	5.6%
35–39	7.0%
40 and over	8.0%
Sex	
Male	82.7%
Female	17.3%

Stolen Vehicles — Comparative Data 2010–2011



ARSON

Arson is defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting program as any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arson. Fires of suspicious or unknown origins are excluded.

“1. A person is guilty of arson if he starts, causes, or maintains a fire or explosion; A. On the property of another with the intent to damage or destroy property thereon; or B. On his own property or the property of another (1) with the intent to enable any person to collect in - surance proceeds for the loss caused by the fire or explosion; or (2) which recklessly endan - gers any person or the property of another.” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 802.

Crime Clock

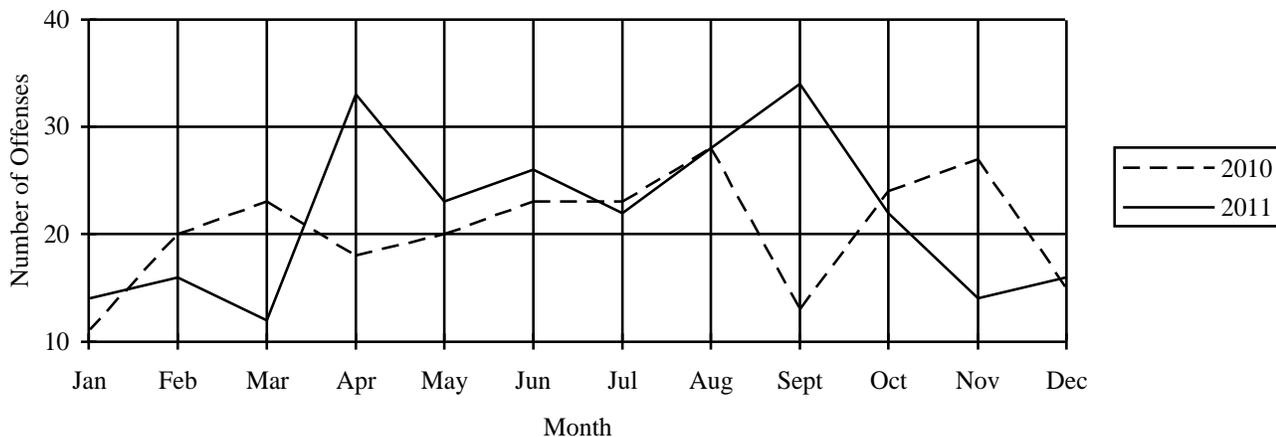


<i>Trend</i>						
Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2007–2011
Number reported	243	188	243	245	260	
% change from previous year	25.9%	-22.6%	29.3%	0.8%	6.1%	
						% change 7.0%
Rate per 1,000 population	0.18	0.14	0.18	0.18	0.20	
% change from previous year	20.0%	-22.2%	29.1%	0.1%	6.1%	
						% change 11.1%

<i>Characteristics — 2011</i>	
Type of Property	
Structural	65.0%
Mobile	10.0%
Other	25.0%
Months of Highest Occurrence	
September	13.1%
April	12.7%
August	10.8%
Value of Property Damaged	
Total	\$6,010,974.00
Per Incident Average	\$23,119.13
Clearance Rate	
87 Offenses Cleared	33.5%
Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.30

<i>Profile of Persons Arrested 77 Arrests</i>	
Age	
17 and under	41.6%
18–24	27.3%
25–29	3.9%
30–34	3.9%
35–39	5.2%
40 and over	18.2%
Sex	
Male	85.7%
Female	14.3%

<i>Arson by Property Type, 2010–2011</i>						
Classification	Number of Offenses			Estimated Value of Property Loss		
	2010	2011	% change	2010	2011	% change
Structural — Residential	99	106	7.1%	\$3,623,757	\$3,838,217	5.9%
Structural — Non-residential	49	63	28.6%	\$927,840	\$1,935,761	108.6%
Mobile (cars, trailers, boats, etc.)	26	26	—	\$110,675	\$214,100	93.4%
All other (crops, fields, signs, etc.)	71	65	-8.5%	\$41,865	\$22,896	-45.3%
Totals	245	260	6.1%	\$4,704,137	\$6,010,974	27.8%

Arsons — Comparative Data 2010–2011***Arson Breakdown by County***

County	Number of Offenses			Estimated Value of Property Loss		
	2010	2011	% change	2010	2011	% change
Androscoggin	28	26	-7.1%	\$487,277	\$139,665	-71.3%
Aroostook	8	3	-62.5%	\$30,050	\$1,500	-95.0%
Cumberland	53	75	41.5%	\$409,540	\$944,142	130.5%
Franklin	5	5	—	\$277,500	\$508,000	83.1%
Hancock	6	5	-16.7%	\$81,501	\$23,500	-71.2%
Kennebec	22	22	—	\$834,415	\$626,182	-25.0%
Knox	7	5	-28.6%	\$33,400	\$210,520	530.3%
Lincoln	1	4	300.0%	\$150,000	\$284,100	89.4%
Oxford	7	7	—	\$214,505	\$686,000	219.8%
Penobscot	30	23	-23.3%	\$430,973	\$74,042	-82.8%
Piscataquis	2	4	100.0%	\$250	\$0	-100.0%
Sagadahoc	3	3	—	\$515,150	\$1,000	-99.8%
Somerset	14	5	-64.3%	\$537,021	\$21,801	-95.9%
Waldo	10	6	-40.0%	\$45,975	\$301,000	554.7%
Washington	10	16	60.0%	\$93,000	\$6,600	-92.9%
York	39	51	30.8%	\$563,580	\$2,182,922	287.3%
Totals	245	260	6.1%	\$4,704,137	\$6,010,974	27.8%

Note: Arson figures shown by UCR may not agree with figures shown by the Fire Marshal's office due to local departments handling cases informally.